# **Small Outline Optoisolators**

## **Transistor Output**

These devices consist of a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a monolithic silicon phototransistor detector, in a surface mountable, small outline, plastic package. They are ideally suited for high density applications, and eliminate the need for through-the-board mounting.

- Convenient Plastic SOIC-8 Surface Mountable Package Style
- Closely Matched Current Transfer Ratios
- Minimum V(BR)CEO of 70 Volts Guaranteed
- Standard SOIC-8 Footprint, with 0.050" Lead Spacing
- Shipped in Tape and Reel, which Conforms to EIA Standard RS481A
- Compatible with Dual Wave, Vapor Phase and IR Reflow Soldering
- High Input-Output Isolation of 3000 Vac (rms) Guaranteed
- UL Recognized **R** File #E54915

#### **Ordering Information:**

- To obtain MOC205, 206, 207, 208 in Tape and Reel, add R2 suffix to device numbers: R2 = 2500 units on 13" reel
- To obtain MOC205, 206, 207, 208 in quantities of 50 (shipped in sleeves) No Suffix

#### **Marking Information:**

- MOC205 = 205
- MOC206 = 206
- MOC207 = 207
- MOC208 = 208

### Applications:

- Feedback Control Circuits
- Interfacing and coupling systems of different potentials and impedances
- General Purpose Switching Circuits
- Monitor and Detection Circuits

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
INPUT LED			
Forward Current — Continuous	lF	60	mA
Forward Current — Peak (PW = 100 μs, 120 pps)	IF(pk)	1.0	Α
Reverse Voltage	٧R	6.0	V
LED Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	90 0.8	mW mW/°C
OUTPUT TRANSISTOR	-		-

Collector–Emitter Voltage	VCEO	70	V
Collector–Base Voltage	VCBO	70	V
Emitter–Collector Voltage	VECO	7.0	V
Collector Current — Continuous	IC	150	mA
Detector Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	150 1.76	mW mW/°C

NOTE: Thickness through insulation between input and output  $\geq 0.5$  mm.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value

## **MOC205**

[CTR = 40 - 80%]

MOC206\*

[CTR = 63 - 125%]

MOC207\*

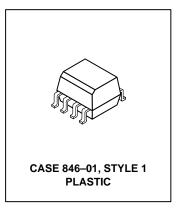
[CTR = 100 - 200%]

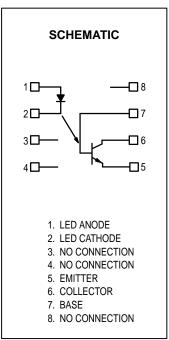
MOC208\*

[CTR = 40 - 125%]

\*Motorola Preferred Devices

**SMALL OUTLINE OPTOISOLATORS** TRANSISTOR OUTPUT





### MOC205 MOC206 MOC207 MOC208

**MAXIMUM RATINGS** — continued ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	
OTAL DEVICE				
Input–Output Isolation Voltage <sup>(1,2)</sup> (60 Hz, 1.0 sec. duration)	VISO	3000	Vac(rms)	
Total Device Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	250 2.94	mW mW/°C	
Ambient Operating Temperature Range <sup>(3)</sup>	TA	-55 to +100	°C	
Storage Temperature Range(3)	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16" from case, 10 sec. duration)	_	260	°C	

Characte	ristic	Symbol	Min	$Typ^{(4)}$	Max	Unit
NPUT LED		•	•	•	•	
Forward Voltage (I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA)		V <sub>F</sub>	_	1.15	1.5	V
Reverse Leakage Current (V <sub>R</sub> = 6.	0 V)	I <sub>R</sub>	_	0.1	100	μА
Capacitance		С	_	18	_	pF
DUTPUT TRANSISTOR						
` `	$(V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C})$	ICEO1	_	1.0	50	nA
	$(V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, T_{A} = 100^{\circ}\text{C})$	ICEO2	_	1.0	_	μΑ
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Volta	ge (I <sub>C</sub> = 100 μA)	V(BR)CEO	70	120	_	V
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Volta	ge (I <sub>E</sub> = 100 μA)	V <sub>(BR)ECO</sub>	7.0	7.8	_	V
Collector–Emitter Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0)		C <sub>CE</sub>	_	7.0	_	pF
COUPLED						
Output Collector Current (I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V)	MOC205 MOC206 MOC207 MOC208	I <sub>C</sub> (CTR) <sup>(5)</sup>	4.0 (40) 6.3 (63) 10 (100) 4.0 (40)	6.0 (60) 9.4 (94) 15 (150) 8.0 (80)	8.0 (80) 12.5 (125) 20 (200) 12.5 (125)	mA (%)
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	e (I <sub>C</sub> = 2.0 mA, I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	_	0.15	0.4	V
Turn–On Time ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	= 10 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω)	ton	_	3.0	_	μs
Turn-Off Time ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	= 10 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω)	toff	_	2.8	_	μs
Rise Time ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 10$	V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω)	t <sub>r</sub>	_	1.6	_	μs
Fall Time ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 10 \text{ N}$	$/$ , $R_L = 100 \Omega$ )	t <sub>f</sub>	_	2.2	_	μs
Input-Output Isolation Voltage (f = 60 Hz, t = 1.0 sec.)(1,2)		VISO	3000	_	_	Vac(rms)
Isolation Resistance (V <sub>I-O</sub> = 500 V	r)(2)	RISO	1011	_	_	Ω
Isolation Capacitance ( $V_{I-O} = 0$ , f = 1.0 MHz)(2)		C <sub>ISO</sub>	_	0.2		pF

- 1. Input–Output Isolation Voltage,  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize ISO}}$ , is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating.
- 2. For this test, pins 1 and 2 are common, and pins 5, 6 and 7 are common.
- 3. Refer to Quality and Reliability Section in Opto Data Book for information on test conditions.
- 4. Always design to the specified minimum/maximum electrical limits (where applicable).
- 5. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) =  $I_C/I_F \times 100\%$ .

#### MOC205 MOC206 MOC207 MOC208

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

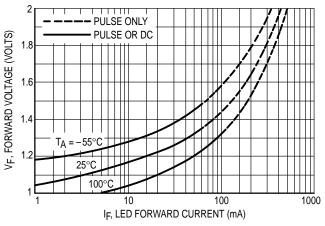
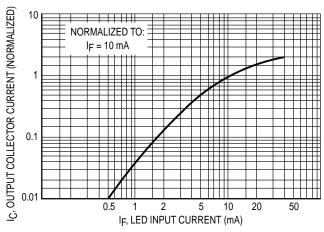


Figure 1. LED Forward Voltage versus Forward Current



**Figure 2. Output Current versus Input Current** 

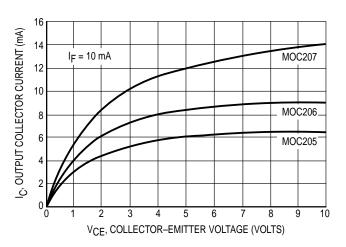


Figure 3. Output Current versus Collector–Emitter Voltage

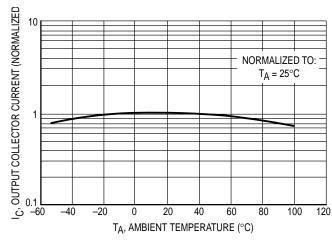


Figure 4. Output Current versus Ambient Temperature

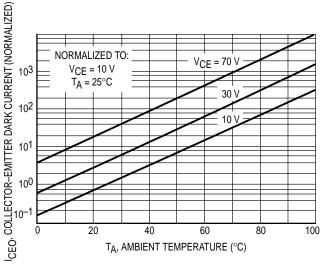


Figure 5. Dark Current versus Ambient Temperature

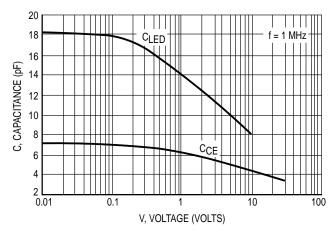
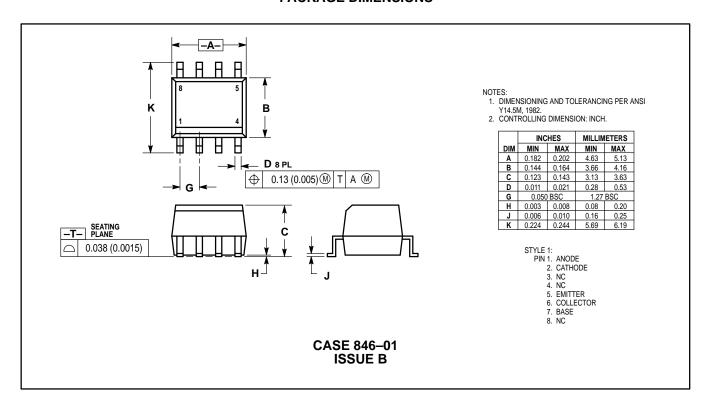


Figure 6. Capacitance versus Voltage

#### MOC205 MOC206 MOC207 MOC208

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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